The Daily Courant.

Monday, October 22. 1705.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated October 20.

Warsaw, October 2.

THE 29th. of last Month, the Congress receiv'd a Declaration directed to them by the Cardinal Primate, in which he acquainted them that he could not come hither to crown King Staniſlaus, for several Reasons that he alledg'd, among others that he had not been put into a Condition to bear the Expence of it; but said he beforehand congratulated the new King on his Coronation by the Archbishop of Lemberg, and wish'd him a happy Reign. We impatiently expect the Pope's Answer to the Letter written to him, the last Month, by the Marshal of the Confederacy in the Name of the Congress. That Letter contain'd a most humble Supplication to his Holiness, to revoke the Inhibition printed and publish'd in Form of a Brief, and directed to the Cardinal Primate and other Bishops, to deter them from joyning in the Execution of such Resolutions as the Congress are oblig'd to take for the good of the Republick, in so pressing a Juncture. His Holiness is likewise desir'd in that Letter, to discharge the Bishop of Posnania from his Confinement in the Castle of St. Angelo; that he might come hither and joyntly with the other Senatours labour to put an End to the Troubles in which the Republick is toss'd. In Conclusion this Letter represented, That if his Holyness was fully inform'd of what had pass'd, and of all the sinister Enterprizes contriv'd by the Ministers of the Court of Rome, he would doubtless be touch'd with Commiseration, and espouse the Interest of the Confederates, rather than that of the contrary Party; and therefore intreated him to desist from the Rigours threaten'd by that Brief, That so *the Ecclesiastical Power might not trouble the civil State, (to which all the Bishops, as Senators, and particularly the Primate, are oblig'd absolutely to conform themselves,) lest a Revolution in the State should ensue upon it.*

From the Leiden Gazette, dated October 20.

Dantzick, October 7. The 29th. of last Month Monsieur Smigielski invested Marienburg in Prussia, with 3000 Poles and some Saxon Troops; the 1st. Instant he took the Place by Storm, put to the Sword all the Swedes that made Resistance, made Prisoners of War those who threw down their Arms and ask'd Quarter, and gave his Troops the Pillage of the Town.

From the King of Sweden's *Camp at* Blonia, October 2. 'The Coronation of King Staniſlaus will be perform'd at Warsaw the 4th Instant. The King has caus'd some Troops to file towards the Vistula, and sent several Pieces of Cannon to Warsaw to be made use of on the Coronation Day. He will go thither himself to see the Ceremony, but incognito. 'The Czar of Muscovy, with his huge Army, is a great Way off still, notwithstanding the Reports spread of his hastening towards Warsaw to spoil the Coronation Holy Day. The Treaty between our King, and King Staniſlaus and the Republick, is very near fully agreed and setled; and is to be sign'd and ratified after the Coronation. That done, his Majesty intends to go and seek the Enemy. A Polish Gentleman of excellent Parts has written a Tract against the Power the Pope assumes to himself over civil Affairs in this Kingdom. The Court of Rome will be very uneasy when they are inform'd with how general an Approbation and Applause this Piece has been receiv'd by the Polish Nation.

'*Warsaw*, October 5. The 3d. Instant at Night King Staniſlaus went to the Cathedral of St. John, accompanied by the Archbishop of Lemberg and the Deputies of the Diet, and took an Oath (which was administer'd to him by the said Archbishop) to observe the *Pacta conventa*. The 4th. being the Day appointed for his Coronation, his Majesty went at a 11 a Clock to the same Church, in a compleat Suit of Armour, attended by divers Polish and Swedish Persons of Quality, the former carrying the Crown, Scepter, and other regal Ornaments. He was led by the Referendarius of the Crown, and the Staroſt Bobruski Sapieha: The Queen was led by the Swedish General Horn. The King being come up to the High Altar kneel'd, holding his Arms across his Breast according to Custom, and the Archbishop of Lemberg anointed him, in Presence of the Bishop of Caminieck and the Suffragans of Gnesna and Chelm, who afterwards presented to him the Globe, Sword and Scepter which he gave to the King. Then they put the Royal Robes on the King and Queen, and leading them to a Throne rais'd several Steps, under 2 Canopies, the Archbishop crown'd them; and immediately the *Te Deum* was begun, during which 6 Pieces of Cannon that were plac'd in the Court-yard of the Castle were discharg'd several Times. The *Te Deum* being ended, the Archbishop proclaim'd the King, crying aloud *Long live Staniſlaus the First, King of Poland*, which was repeated by the People. Then their Majestys perform'd their Devotions, and receiv'd the Sacrament; which done, they were conducted (the King by the Bishop of Caminieck and the Suffragan of Gnesna, and the Queen by General Horn,) to the Castle; being preceeded by their Retinue. The King of Sweden having seen the Coronation, *incognito*, return'd to Blonia. King Staniſlaus and his Queen Catherine being led into the Hall of the Senators in the Castle, the Bishop of Caminieck pronounc'd a fine Oration, and after the Deputies had been admitted to kiss their Majestys Hands, they sat down to Dinner. The King sat under a Cloath of State, having General Horn (representing the Person of the King of Sweden) on his Right Hand, and the Queen on his Left; the 2 Swedish Commissioners, Messieurs Wachslager and Palmberg, were plac'd at a square Table; the Archbishop of Lemberg, the Bishop of Caminieck, the Suffragans of Gnesna and Chelm, the Senators and Swedish General-Officers, the Deputies, &c. sat at 3 long Tables. The Feast was magnificent, and held till Night, the Cannon being discharg'd at the drinking of several Healths.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated October 27.

Warsaw, October 9. The 5th Instant General Horn treated King Staniſlaus and his Queen. The 6th the Deputies of Cracow had Audience of King Staniſlaus, and did him Homage on the Part of that City

City. The 7th the Bridge the Swedes have laid over the Viſtula was finiſh'd. The Conferences continue between our Commiſſioners and thoſe of Sweden, for finiſhing the Treaty between the 2 Kings. 'Tis ſaid it will not be ſign'd very ſoon, but be deferr'd till the Return of the Envoy of Pruſſia, and till other Soveraigns have acknowldg'd King Staniſlaus. Yeſterday ſome Swediſh and Poliſh Troops were detach'd, to march againſt the Saxons and Poles that are about Marienbourg in Pruſſia. Letters of the 30th of laſt Month from Tykoczin adviſe, that the Czar of Muſcovy arriv'd at Grodno the 27th where he had appointed all his Army to rendezvous; and that Part of them had paſs'd the River Niemen, to march to Tykoczin: 'Tis rumour'd Advice is come that the Czar is already arriv'd at Tykoczin. The Army commanded by General Mazeppa is advanc'd to Vihianow.

From the Harlem Courant, dated October 27.

Warſaw, October 10. Yeſterday the great Council aſſembled, and had under Conſideration what Methods were beſt for re-eſtabliſhing the Quiet of the Kingdom, and ſecure King Staniſlaus in the Poſſeſſion of the Throne. And the following Reſolutions paſs'd. I. That Univerſalia be iſſued to ſummons all the Nobility to mount on Horſeback. II. That thoſe who have been excluded their Employments, ſhall be reſtor'd to them. III. That the Office of great Treaſurer ſhall be declar'd vacant. And IV. That a Diet ſhall meet in 6 Weeks, to ratify the Treaty of Peace between Poland and Sweden. 'Tis adviſ'd from Tykoczin, that the Czar arriv'd there the 4th. Inſtant with moſt of his Troops, and deſigns to be in the Neighbourhood of this Place by the 15th.; by which time General Mazeppa is order'd to advance hither likewiſe with his Coſſacks.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated October 15.

Dantzick, October 15. The 13th Inſtant Cardinal Radziowski, Primate of Poland, died here of a Fever, in the 63d Year of his Age and the 22d of his Cardinalſhip. The Evening before his Death he put into the Hands of 2 of our Magiſtrates, his Will which he had caus'd to be drawn up in the Preſence of the Envoy of France. He has made his Niece Madam Lezinski Towianski his ſole Heir, on Condition ſhe be at the Expence of his Funeral, and pay the Legacies he has order'd. The Principal of thoſe Legacies, are 30000 Crowns to 3 French Miſſionaries of the Church of St. Croix in Warſaw, 7000 Crowns to the Fathers Jacobins of Gedan, 30000 Crowns to the Caſtellan of Pluſſen, and to Monſieur Towianski 500000 Crowns that he has in France. By this it may be judg'd he has left immenſe Wealth behind him. He has nam'd Executors of his Will, Monſieur Lubomirski Caſtellan of Cracow, Prince Radzivil gerat Chancellor of Lithuania, Monſieur Szizouska Vice-Chancellor of Lithuania, and the Palatin Lencizy. His Body is embalm'd, and is to be carried to Warſaw, there to be interr'd as he deſir'd.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated October 27.

Dreſden, October 21. We have not yet receiv'd any particular Account of the Coronation of King Staniſlaus, which makes us ſuſpect the Letters from Warſaw have been intercepted by the Swedes; but we have Advice that the Pope's Nuncio has proteſted his Maſter will never acknowledge a King elected and crown'd tumultuouſly. We hear likewiſe from Dantzick, that the Cardinal Primate is dead. It ſeems the Proceeding of the Caſtellan Polaniecki in affixing the Pope's Brief on his Gate, and on the Doors of the 3 Roman Catholick Churches in Dantzick; griev'd him ſo much, that ſome think it broke his Heart.

King Auguſtus and his Queen are gone from Leipſick; the King to ſee the Electoreſs Dowager his Mother at Lichtenbourg; and the Queen to return to Torgau. 'Tis ſaid the King will afterwards go to Guben, and order his Army to make ſome Motion.

From the Harlem Courant, dated October 22.

Paris, October 16. Monſieur Amelot de Gournay, our Ambaſſador at the Court of Madrid, has ſent hither the following Liſt of the Numbers of the revolted Catalonians of the ſeveral Diſtricts therein mention'd, and of the Mules furniſh'd by each to the Arch Duke. In old Catalonia, the Diſtrict of Viques d'Oſſone 5000 Men, 400 Mules; that of Barcelona and the neighbouring level Country 6000 Men, 500 Mules; Manreſa 5000 Men, 300 Mules; Campredon 4000 Men, 200 Mules; Gironne 5000 Men, 300 Mules; Roſes 3000 Men, 300 Mules; Lampourdan 4000 Men, 300 Mules: Together 32000 Men and 2300 Mules. The Men of the Diſtricts of Viques, Barcelona, and Manreſa, are moſt of them employ'd in the Siege of Barcelona; thoſe of Campredon, with part of thoſe of Gironne and Lampourdan, guard the Paſſages in the Mountains, to cut off the Communication with Rouſſillon. The reſt have block'd up Gitonne, Roſes, and Palamos. New Catalonia has contributed but few Men to this Revolt; but thoſe few have ſecur'd the Avenues of the Places of Strength, and hinder their being ſupplied with Proviſions. The Men and Mules furniſh'd by the Diſtricts of New Catalonia are as follows: The Diſtrict of Villa Franca de Panades 2000 Men, 200 Mules; Cervera 2000 Men, 250 Mules: Agramont 1500 Men, 150 Mules; Montblancq 1000 Men, 250 Mules; Terreca 1000 Men, 100 Mules; Lerida 1500 Men, 250 Mules; Tortoſa 1500 Men, 150 Mules, and Terragona 1500 Men, 150 Mules: Together 12000 Men, and 1500 Mules. Theſe revolted Militia are ſubſiſted by Contributions from the ſeveral Towns, Caſtles, Abbeys, &c. within the ſaid Diſtricts and others.

London, October 22.

'Tis adviſ'd by the laſt Letters from Holland, that Brigadier Ferguſon is dead.

William Elſon Eſq; Member of Parliament for Chicheſter, died on Friday Night.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this preſent Monday, being the 22d of October, will be preſented, a Comedy, call'd, The Old Batchelor. With ſeveral Entertainments of Singing and Dancing in and between the Acts.

This Play is ſold by Richard Wellington at the Dolphin and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, where you may have moſt Novels.

To be ſold by Auction, at the Old Exciſe-Office in Broad-ſtreet, The Houſhold-Goods of Mr. Winter, at the Wet Dock at Deptford, conſiſting of Damask-Beds, Cloth-beds, Pewter, Braſs, Linnen, Bedding, Glaſſes, Chairs, Tables, Pear-Glaſſes, and all ſorts of Houſhold Goods. The Sale to begin on Tueſday the 23d Inſtant, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon, and the Goods to be view'd at the Place of Sale, on Saturday and Monday, before the Sale begins.

Two ſmall Tenements, with each a Garden, of the Yearly Rent of 6 Pounds each, lying in Hammerſmith, are to be ſold, Enquire at Nandoes Coffee-houſe by Temple-Bar.

Loſt laſt Saturday the 21ſt of October, between Bridges-ſtreet and London-ſtone, a Tortois-ſhell Box with a Joint hoop'd and inlaid with Silver, with this Moto, viz. L'Amour, m' enflam.me: Whoſever will bring it to the Græcian Coffee-houſe in Devereux Court, ſhall have 10 s. Reward.

The late Dwelling Houſe of Mr. James Blakeley, at the Hare in St. Lawrence-lane, is to be Lett, and the Goods Sold. Enquire of Mr. William Vere on Ludgate-Hill, or Mr. John Vaws in Auſtin's-Fryers. Being the Aſſignees in the Statute of Bankrupt againſt him.

Several Sorts of choice India Goods (taken up for a Debt) are now to be Sold out of Hand, at reaſonable Rates: At the two Black-a-more's Heads: A Grocers Shop, near the End of Southampton-ſtreet in High-Holborn.

On Saturday laſt was publiſh'd,

Civil Comprehenſion, &c. In a Letter to a Friend from one who wiſhes the General Good of England, and particularly well to the eſtabliſh'd Church. Sold by John Nut near Stationers Hall, and the Bookſellers of London and Weſtminſter. Price 2 d.

On Saturday laſt was publiſh'd,

A fair Shell but a rotten Kernel: Or, a bitter Nut for a factious Monkey. Price 1 s. Sold by Ben. Bragge in Ave-Mary-Lane.

LONDON: Printed, and Sold by *Sam. Buckley* at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*.